

# Dependence Logic

## Exercise 6

1. Construct a dependence logic sentence such for all finite structures  $\mathcal{M}$ :

$$\mathcal{M} \models \phi \Leftrightarrow |\text{Dom}(\mathcal{M})| \text{ is even.}$$

2. Let  $\phi$  be a  $\text{FO}(\perp_c)$ -sentence with an infinite model or arbitrarily large finite models. Show that then  $\phi$  has models in all infinite cardinalities. (Hint: use a similar argument as in Theorem 45 of the lecture notes. In particular, you may assume that first-order sentences satisfy the claim.)

3. Let  $\phi := \vec{t}_2 | \vec{t}_2$  and  $V$  a finite set of variables that contains the free variables of  $\phi$ . Define  $\tau_{\phi, V}$  and prove the claim of Theorem 43 in this case.

4. Let  $\phi := \psi \vee \theta$  and  $V$  a finite set of variables that contains the free variables of  $\phi$ . Show that the translation  $\tau_{\phi, V}$  (defined in the lecture notes) satisfies the claim of Theorem 43 assuming the translations of  $\psi$  and  $\theta$  satisfy it.

5. Show that for every formula  $\phi$  of dependence logic there is a formula  $\psi \equiv \phi$  in so-called *prenex normal form* of the form

$$\psi := Qx_1 \dots Qx_n \psi,$$

where  $Q_i \in \{\exists, \forall\}$  and  $\psi$  is a quantifier-free formula. (Hint: Use the equivalences of Proposition 29 of the lecture notes and renaming of bound variables.)