

Dependence Logic

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Dependence atom: $\equiv(t_1, \dots, t_n, t')$

Inclusion atom: $t_1 \dots t_n \subseteq t'_1 \dots t'_n$

Exclusion atom: $t_1 \dots t_n \mid t'_1 \dots t'_n$

Independence atom: $t_1 \dots t_n \perp t'_1 \dots t'_m$

Team semantics:

- A team X of \mathcal{M} is a set of assignments $s : V \rightarrow \text{dom}(\mathcal{M})$
- Satisfaction relation: $\mathcal{M} \models_X \phi$

| | x_1 | x_2 | \dots | x_n |
|----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| s_1 | a_{11} | a_{12} | \dots | a_{1n} |
| s_2 | a_{21} | a_{22} | \dots | a_{2n} |
| \vdots | | | | |
| s_m | a_{m1} | a_{m2} | \dots | a_{mn} |

Dependence atoms:

$$\mathcal{M} \models_X =(\vec{t}, t') \text{ iff for all } s, s' \in X, \\ s(\vec{t}^{\mathcal{M}}) = s'(\vec{t}^{\mathcal{M}}) \implies s(t'^{\mathcal{M}}) = s'(t'^{\mathcal{M}}).$$

$$\mathcal{M} \models_X =(\vec{x}, y)$$

↖
∃f

| x_1 | x_2 | x_3 | y | z |
|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| a_1 | a_2 | a_3 | b | e |
| a_1 | a_2 | a_3 | b | a |
| c_1 | c_2 | c_3 | d | c |
| c_1 | c_2 | c_3 | d | d |

A team – a relational database

Dependence atoms – functional dependencies in database theory

Recap and connection to database theory

Inclusion atoms – inclusion dependencies

Exclusion atoms – exclusion dependencies in database theory

- $\mathcal{M} \models_X \vec{t}_1 \subseteq \vec{t}_2$ iff for all $s \in X$, there exists $s' \in X$ such that $s(\vec{t}_1^{\mathcal{M}}) = s'(\vec{t}_2^{\mathcal{M}})$.
- $\mathcal{M} \models_X \vec{t}_1 \mid \vec{t}_2$ iff for all $s, s' \in X$, $s(\vec{t}_1^{\mathcal{M}}) \neq s'(\vec{t}_2^{\mathcal{M}})$.

$x \subseteq y$

| x | y |
|----|----|
| 3 | 1 |
| 5 | 3 |
| 7 | 5 |
| 11 | 7 |
| 3 | 9 |
| 5 | 11 |

$x \mid y$

| x | y |
|---|----|
| 1 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 |
| 9 | 10 |

Independence atoms

- $\mathcal{M} \models_X \vec{t}_1 \perp \vec{t}_2$ iff for all $s, s' \in X$, there exists $s'' \in X$ such that $s''(\vec{t}_1^{\vec{M}}) = s(\vec{t}_1^{\vec{M}})$ and $s''(\vec{t}_2^{\vec{M}}) = s'(\vec{t}_2^{\vec{M}})$.
- $\mathcal{M} \models_X \vec{t}_1 \perp_{\vec{t}_0} \vec{t}_2$ iff for all $s, s' \in X$ s.t. $s(\vec{t}_0^{\vec{M}}) = s'(\vec{t}_0^{\vec{M}})$, there exists $s'' \in X$ s.t. $s''(\vec{t}_0^{\vec{M}}) = s(\vec{t}_0^{\vec{M}})$, $s''(\vec{t}_1^{\vec{M}}) = s(\vec{t}_1^{\vec{M}})$ and $s''(\vec{t}_2^{\vec{M}}) = s'(\vec{t}_2^{\vec{M}})$.

$x \perp y$



| x | y | z |
|---|---|---|
| a | b | e |
| c | d | d |
| c | b | e |
| a | d | a |

$x \perp_z y$

| x | y | z |
|---|---|---|
| a | b | e |
| c | d | e |
| c | b | e |
| a | d | e |

– embedded multivalued dependencies in database theory